A Wild Landscape

The Northern Red Desert is often described as the largest national forest in the Lower 48’s central and southern Wyoming. It is a vast expanse of rugged, rolling badlands, prairie, and upland that supports a unique and diverse ecosystem. The region is home to a wide variety of wildlife, including pronghorn, bighorn sheep, and mule deer. The landscape is also rich in cultural history, with many important archaeological sites and petroglyphs scattered throughout the area. The Red Desert is a place of great beauty and diversity, and it is a testament to the resilience of the American West’s natural resources.

North America’s Largest Living Sand Dunes

The Red Desert is a unique and fascinating landscape, and one of its most striking features is the presence of large, shifting sand dunes. The dunes are located in a region called the Great Divide Basin, which is a large, flat area that stretches from the Wind River Mountains in the north to the Ruby Mountains in the south. The dunes are fed by strong winds that carry sand from the nearby Great Salt Lake Desert, and the wind is further strengthened by the presence of mountains on either side. The result is a dynamic and ever-changing landscape that is a testament to the power of natural forces.

Western Expansion

The Red Desert was a key part of the Western Expansion, as it was a major route for pioneers and settlers heading west. The area was home to a number of important historical sites, including the Boar’s Tusk and the Red Desert National Monument. These sites provide insights into the region’s history and culture, and they are an important part of the region’s identity.

An Important Resource

The Red Desert is an important resource for both the local community and the nation as a whole. It is a place of great natural beauty, and it is a source of food and water for a wide variety of wildlife. The region is also home to a number of important archaeological sites, and it is a place of cultural significance for many Native American tribes. The Red Desert is a place of great diversity, and it is a testament to the resilience of the American West’s natural resources.